

## 7. Take time for yourself

Time for recovery is important, or you'll quickly become overwhelmed. Get enough sleep, eat healthily, and do things that relax you—like hobbies, sports, or meeting friends.

## 8. Talk to others

You're helping people in distress. That's stressful, and it's normal. Therefore, talk to others about it. It helps you process experiences. But don't share confidential information.

## 9. Seek professional help

Are you very tense or exhausted? Or do you have trouble sleeping? Then you might be overwhelmed. You don't have to do everything alone. Seek help from psychosocial emergency services or a counseling hotline.



- **Counseling hotline:**  
0800 111 0 111 oder  
0800 111 0 222,  
Web: TelephoneCounseling
- **HelloBetter-Hotline:**  
0800 00095 54,  
Web: HelloBetter

## Dealing with Stress and Overload

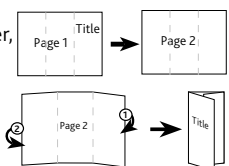


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Videos on the topic as well as this information in English and Turkish



### Print- and folding information

Please note that depending on the printer, browser, and operating system, certain print settings may be necessary for the foldable format, such as printing front and back on one sheet of paper and possibly vertically mirroring the back.



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# Dealing with Stress and Overload

How do you handle stress and overload when assisting during disasters, for yourself and others?



## Information for helpers



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Here are nine tips for your health.

## 1. Watch out your limits

You're doing your best, but remember, not everything goes perfectly after a disaster. But every contribution counts. Think beforehand about how much you can handle. Take care of yourself and be mindful of your limits, both mentally and physically.



## 2. Learn relaxation techniques

Post-disaster deployment can be very stressful. Therefore, learn simple relaxation methods. They can help calm you down after stressful situations. Instructions can be found, for example, from the statutory accident insurance [\(PDF, 20 pages, 1.1 MB\)](#).



## 3. Don't do everything alone

Deployments are often stressful. Therefore, plan your tasks and work through them gradually. Seek help if you can't manage it alone. No one can do everything alone. Inform other helpers or organizations. Breaks are important.

## 4. Provide understanding and safety

Many people need your help. Some have experienced terrible things. They need time to process what happened. They are in an exceptional situation. Especially children and older people often need psychological help. You may not be an expert, but stay calm and show understanding: "I understand you. I'll keep you safe."



## 5. Don't take rejection personally

Sometimes people may not want your help, which is normal. They have experienced very distressing things. Don't take it personally. If it affects you, talk to other helpers.

## 6. Don't get provoked

Some people may even be aggressive, even though you only wanted to help. Then leave them alone. Keep your distance. Don't get provoked. If necessary, inform other helpers, the security service, or the police. And make sure to document such moments in a report.



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